Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## GCSE

## Mathematics B (Linear)

Component J567/01: Mathematics Paper 1 (Foundation)
General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2014

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

| Annotation |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| BP | Meaning |
| Blank Page - this annotation must be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or |  |
| unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response. |  |
| BOD | Correct |
| FT | Incorrect |
| ISW | Benefit of doubt |
| M0 | Inollow through |
| M1 | Method mark awarded 0 |
| A1 | Method mark awarded 1 |
| B1 | Method mark awarded 2 |
| B2 | Independent mark awarded 1 |
| MR | Independent mark awarded 2 |
| SC | Misread |
| A | Special case |

These should be used whenever appropriate during your marking.

The M, A, B, etc annotations must be used on your standardisation scripts for responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks. It is vital that you annotate these scripts to show how the marks have been awarded.
It is not mandatory to use annotations for any other marking, though you may wish to use them in some circumstances.

## Subject-Specific Marking Instructions

1. M marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.

A marks are for an accurate answer and depend on preceding $\mathbf{M}$ (method) marks. Therefore M0 A1 cannot be awarded.
B marks are independent of $\mathbf{M}$ (method) marks and are for a correct final answer, a partially correct answer, or a correct intermediate stage.
SC marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.
2. Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify $\mathbf{M}$ and $\mathbf{A}$ marks etc, or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is not from wrong working full marks should be awarded.

Do not award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, ie incorrect working is seen and the correct answer clearly follows from it.
3. Where follow through (FT) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word their for clarity, eg FT $180 \times\left(\right.$ their ' 37 ' +16 ), or FT $300-\sqrt{ }\left(\right.$ their $\left.{ }^{\prime} 5^{2}+7^{2 \prime}\right)$. Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by eg FT $3 \times$ their (a).

For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.
4. Where dependent (dep) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
5. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.

- figs 237, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point eg 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
- isw means ignore subsequent working after correct answer obtained and applies as a default.
- nfww means not from wrong working.
- oe means or equivalent.
- rot means rounded or truncated.
- seen means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line, even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
- soi means seen or implied.

6. In questions with no final answer line, make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer (ie isw) unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated by the instruction 'mark final answer'.
7. In questions with a final answer line following working space,
(i) if the correct answer is seen in the body of working and the answer given on the answer line is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer'. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.
(ii) if the correct answer is seen in the body of working but the answer line is blank, allow full marks. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.
(iii) if the correct answer is seen in the body of working but a completely different answer is seen on the answer line, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks could still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation $x$ next to the wrong answer.
8. In questions with a final answer line:
(i) If one answer is provided on the answer line, mark the method that leads to that answer.
(ii) If more than one answer is provided on the answer line and there is a single method provided, award method marks only.
(iii) If more than one answer is provided on the answer line and there is more than one method provided, award zero marks for the question unless the candidate has clearly indicated which method is to be marked.
9. In questions with no final answer line:
(i) If a single response is provided, mark as usual.
(ii) If more than one response is provided, award zero marks for the question unless the candidate has clearly indicated which response is to be marked.
10. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for A and B marks. Deduct 1 mark from any A or B marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. M marks are not deducted for misreads.
11. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75 , which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to $15.8,15$ or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75.
12. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
13. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
14. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

MARK SCHEME

| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) |  | 190 g | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | 450 cm | 1 |  |  |
|  | (c) |  | 5 ml | 1 |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | Correct reflection ( $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 2 | B1 for 2 vertices correct | excluding those on the mirror line see overlay condone freehand |
| 3 | (a) |  | 11 correct rows no repeats | 2 | B1 for 6 or more additional correct rows, condone repeats | accept $1,2,3$ and 4 used if intention is clear for B1 |
|  | (b) | (i) | 78610 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | 79000 | 1 |  |  |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | 931 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | 4700 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (iii) | 2.4 oe | 2 | M1 for attempt to divide Or figs 24 as answer |  |
|  |  | (iv) | 28 | 2 | M1 attempt at complete method allow 1 arithmetic error ft their first percentage <br> SC1 52 as final answer |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | $\frac{75}{100} \text { oe isw }$ | 1 |  | must be fraction |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (ii) | 0.6 | 2 | M1 for 3 $\div 5$ oe |  |
| 5 | (a) | (i) | 29 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | + 6 | 1 |  | need direction and quantity, $6 n-1$ <br> Maybe on diagram |
|  | (b) |  | 37 | 2 | M1 for $10 \times 4$ soi by 40 |  |
| 6 |  |  | 4.02, 4.024, 4.042, 4.2, 4.202 | 2 | B1 for 1 not in correct order SC1 order reversed |  |
| 7 | (a) |  | 6 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | Jelly | 1 | FT toffee $\geq 13$ | Condone Jelly with 13 |
|  | (c) |  | Linear scale for frequencies starting from 0 <br> Fully correct bar chart $7,13,6,2,12$ | $1$ <br> 2FT | FT their value for toffee in the table <br> B1 for their 4 correct heights or bars of equal widths and gaps | 0 need not be marked if no scale FT implied consistent linear scale <br> Do not condone extensions to grid. <br> Heights must be in correct half of square. <br> Do not follow through incorrect scale for heights Condone freehand |
| 8 | (a) | (i) | $(-4,-1)$ | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | Point plotted at ( $-4,3$ ) | 1 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer <br> Correct name of their triangle in (a)(ii) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Marks } \\ \hline \text { 1FT } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (iii) |  |  | Strict FT from their ( $-4,3$ ) |  |
|  | (b) |  | Radius drawn | 1 |  | Allow within 1 mm of the circumference and/or centre by eye Allow freehand |
| 9 | (a) | (i) | 3 a | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | $5 c-7 d$ | 2 | B1 for 5 c or $\mathbf{- 7 d}$ |  |
|  |  | (iii) | $b^{8}$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | 12 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | $\frac{9}{6} \text { oe }$ | 2 | M1 for a correct step eg $13-4=6 x$ or $x=b / a$ after $a x=b$ ( $a \neq 1, b \neq 0$ ) from their equation |  |
|  | (c) |  | $P=6 h$ | 2 | M1 for 6 h oe or $\mathrm{h}=\frac{p}{6} \text { or } \frac{p}{h}=6$ | Accept $6 \times h, h 6, h+h+h+h+h+h$ oe |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Answer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(a)* | Group ticket, 2 children and 2 over 60's and cost of $£ 104$ selected after showing values of [£111], £109, £106 and $£ 104$ with complete working to show how these prices have been obtained. <br> ie 8 individual tickets at $£ 109$ <br> and 2 group tickets at $£ 106$ <br> and 1 group ticket and 2 over 60 s and 2 children at $£ 104$ <br> [and 1 group ticket and 2 adults and 2 children at £111] <br> Values of [£111], £109, £106 and £104 with complete working to show how these prices have been obtained. <br> ie 8 individual tickets at $£ 109$ <br> and 2 group tickets at $£ 106$ <br> and 1 group ticket and 2 over 60 s and 2 children at $£ 104$ [and 1 group ticket and 2 adults and 2 children at £111] with no or incorrect conclusion. <br> Showing two costs of entry for 8 people with working (condone 1 arithmetic error per combination) or one fully correct cost of entry for 8 people with working <br> No worthwhile work attempted | 5 $4-3$ $2-1$ <br> 0 | Showing three costs of entry for 8 people with working (condone 1 arithmetic error) <br> or <br> two fully correct costs of entry for 8 people with working and correct conclusion for their calculations <br> Showing one cost of entry for 8 people with working (condone 1 arithmetic error) <br> NB Group of 8 people must contain 4 children |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | (b) | (i) | 55 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
|  | (ii) | 27 | $\mathbf{2}$ | M1 for ordered list of 8 values or <br> 23 and 31 identified | List could be seen in earlier part <br> of the question, unless <br> alternative method leads to an <br> incorrect answer |  |
|  | (c) |  | 6.04 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
|  | (d) | (i) | 36 | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{M 1}$ for $11+11+7+7$ or better | Ignore extra units given |
|  | (ii) | 77 <br> $m^{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{M 1}$ for $11 \times 7$ |  |  |
|  | (e) | 8 | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  |
|  | (f) | 1635 or 4:35pm | $\mathbf{1}$ |  | Do not accept 4:35 am or 0435 <br> condone 4:35 or 1635pm |  |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 |  | 400 nfww | 4 | M1 for $10 \times 20 \times 5$ soi by 1000 M1 for $200 \times 50 \times 40$ soi by 400000 <br> M1 for attempt at division of their '200×50×40' $\div$ their ' $10 \times 20 \times$ 5' <br> or <br> M3 for $10 \times 5 \times 8$ <br> or <br> M2 for 10 and 5 and 8 <br> or <br> M1 for 10 or 5 or 8 clearly linked to $200(2 \mathrm{~m})$ or 50 or 40 | accept equivalent <br> numbers being divided must be volumes and division must be seen <br> Check diagram for numbers Accept alternative orientations of the small cuboids |
| 12 | (a) | $\frac{6}{11}$ | 1 |  | Penalise incorrect form once |
|  | (b) | $\frac{5}{11}$ | 1 | FT 1 - their (a) |  |
|  | (c) | 0 | 1 |  | Accept $\frac{0}{11}$ or words zero, nil or nought only |
| 13 | (a) | $\frac{3}{4}$ | 2 | B1 for $\frac{9}{12}$ oe | Must be fraction |
|  | (b) | $\frac{7}{8} \mathbf{o e}$ | 2 | M1 correct common denominator with 2 numerators | Condone 1 error in numerators |


| Question Answer |  |  | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (c) | $3 \frac{5}{6}$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (d) | $\frac{13}{8}$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (e) | $3 \frac{13}{30}$ or $\frac{103}{30}$ or any equivalent fraction isw | 3 | M2 for $\frac{13}{30}$ oe from a subtraction or $\frac{18}{30}$ and $\frac{5}{30}$ oe or $\frac{168}{30}$ and $\frac{65}{30}$ oe <br> allow an error in one of the two numerators with a correct common denominator or <br> M1 for any correct attempt to get a common denominator or $\frac{28}{5}$ and $\frac{13}{6}$ oe | eg $\frac{36}{60}$ and $\frac{11}{60}$ scores M2 <br> eg two fractions with common denominators of a multiple of $6 \times 5$ |
| 14 |  | 48 | 2 | M1 for $60 \div(1+4)$ or 12 | answer of 12:48 or 48:12 implies M1 <br> note: 48 out of 60 scores 2 48/60 scores M1 |
| 15 |  | Correct octagon with all vertices on circumference | 2 | M1 for $360 \div 8$ or 45 SC1 for any octagon with at least 5 vertices on circle |  |





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