## Tuesday 17 June 2014 - Morning

GCSE METHODS IN MATHEMATICS

## B391/02 Methods in Mathematics 1 (Higher Tier)

## Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:
None
Other materials required:

- Geometrical instruments
- Tracing paper (optional)

Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes


| Candidate <br> forename | Candidate <br> surname |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Centre number |  |  |  |  |  | Candidate number |  |  |  |  |
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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the bar codes.


## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- Your quality of written communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



## Formulae Sheet: Higher Tier

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


In any triangle $A B C$
Sine rule $\quad \frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine rule $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$


Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


## The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$,
where $a \neq 0$, are given by
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

Answer all the questions.

1 (a) Draw the graph of $y=2 x-3$. Use values of $x$ from ${ }^{-2}$ to 4 .

(b) Find the value of $x$ where the graph crosses the line $y=-2$.
(b)

2 Work out.
(a) $6+3 \times-4$
(a)
(b) $7-(5-8)$
$\qquad$
(c) $80000 \times 500$
(c)
(d) $54000000 \div 60000$
(d)

3 Simplify.
(a) $5 f-3 g+7(f-g)$
(a)
(b) $y^{4} \times y^{3}$
(b)
(c) $m^{8} \div m^{2}$
(c)

4 Mosna has 25 books in her electronic book reader.
15 are crime books (C).
8 are short story books (S).
5 are short story crime books.
(a) Complete this Venn Diagram showing the number of books of each type in Mosna's reader.

(b) Mosna chooses one of the books at random.

Find the probability that the book is:
(i) a short story book that is not a crime book,
(b)(i)
(ii) neither a crime book nor a short story book,
(ii)
(iii) a member of $\mathrm{C} \cap \mathrm{S}$.
(iii)

5 (a) Wilson works out this multiplication.

$$
5.634 \times 2.28
$$

He gets the answer 12.844556 .
How can you tell, without doing the multiplication, that Wilson's answer is wrong?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Jessica works out this division.

$$
2.034532 \div 0.382
$$

She gets the answer 0.5326.
How can you tell, without doing the division, that Jessica's answer is wrong?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) (i) Round 58367952 to the nearest thousand.
(c)(i)
(ii) Round 0.0056748 to 3 significant figures.
(ii)

6 Triangles $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ are shown on this grid.

(a) Translate triangle $\mathbf{A}$ using the vector $\binom{1}{-3}$.
(b) Triangle $\mathbf{A}$ can be mapped onto triangle $\mathbf{B}$ by an enlargement, centre the origin, followed by a reflection.
(i) Find the scale factor of the enlargement.

> (b)(i)
(ii) Find the equation of the mirror line for the reflection.
(ii)

7 (a) Write 60 as the product of its prime factors.
(a)
(b) ${ }^{\star}$ Jamie has 60 one-centimetre cubes.

He uses them to make cuboids.
Each time he makes a cuboid he uses all 60 cubes.
He makes all the possible cuboids with sides of at least 2 cm .
This is the first one he makes.


Investigate which cuboid has the least surface area.
Show all your working. Continue on the opposite page.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Dimensions of cuboid
cm by
cm by
Minimum surface area $=$

8 (a) Factorise.
(i) $6 x+9$
(a)(i)
(ii) $2 a x+3 a$
(ii)
(b) Use your answers to part (a) to factorise this expression.

$$
6 x+9+2 a x+3 a
$$

(b)

9 (a) Work out.

$$
\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}
$$

(a)
(b) lan can dig a trench in 2 hours.

Bob can dig the same length of trench in 3 hours.
Find how long it takes lan and Bob to dig the same size trench working together.
(b)
$10 \quad p=2.4 \times 10^{4} \quad q=3 \times 10^{7}$

Work out the following.
Give your answers in standard form.
(a) $p \times q$
(a)
(b) $p \div q$
(b)

11 Rationalise the denominator to write $\frac{12}{\sqrt{3}}$ in the form $a \sqrt{3}$.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

12 Ashraf has 8 cards with these numbers on them.

(a) Ashraf chooses a card at random.

The probability that he chooses a card with a number greater than the integer $x$ is $\frac{5}{8}$.
Write down the value of $x$.
(a)
(b) Ashraf replaces the card.

He then chooses two cards, one after the other, without replacement.
(i) Complete the probability tree diagram for the two cards.

(ii) Find the probability that exactly one of Ashraf's two chosen cards is numbered 12.
(b)(ii) $\qquad$
$13 P, Q$ and $R$ are points on the circle, centre $O$.
TA and TB are tangents to the circle at $P$ and $Q$.
Angle $\mathrm{PTQ}=x$.

(a) Show that angle TPQ $=90^{\circ}-\frac{1}{2} x$.

Give a reason for each step in the working.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Hence prove the alternate segment theorem by showing that angle $\mathrm{PRQ}=$ angle TPQ . Give reasons for each of your statements.
$\qquad$
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