# GCSE <br> Mathematics 

Paper 2 43652H
Mark scheme

43652H
June 2015

Version 1 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this Mark Scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

## AQA

## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

| M | Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead <br> to a correct answer. |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct <br> method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be <br> implied. |
| B | Marks awarded independent of method. |
| ft | Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working <br> following a mistake in an earlier step. |
| SC | Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation <br> which has some mathematical worth. |
| M dep method mark dependent on a previous method mark being |  |
| awarded. |  |

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

## Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

## Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a candidate has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the candidate. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the candidate should be penalised.

## Questions which ask candidates to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to candidates who show no working.

## Questions which do not ask candidates to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

## Misread or miscopy

Candidates often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the candidate has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

## Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

## Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then $M$ marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

## Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

## Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

## Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a) | $\begin{aligned} & 6 x-3+2 x-6 \\ & \text { or } 8 x \text { or }-9 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Allow one error |  |
|  | $8 x-9$ | A1 | Do not ignore fw |  |
|  |  | tional | uidance |  |
|  | $8 x+-9$ <br> 4 correct terms seen $8 x-9$, followed by an equa eg $8 x-9=-x$ or $8 x-9$ | $\frac{9}{8}$ |  | M1A0 <br> M1 <br> M1A0 |


| 1(b) | $\frac{3}{2}<n \leq 5$ <br> or $2,3,4$ <br> or $2,4,5$ <br> or $2,3,5$ <br> or $3,4,5$ <br> or $1,2,3,4,5$ <br> or $2,3,4,5$, 6 | M1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2, 3, 4, 5 | A1 | SC1 for 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | 4, 5, 6 <br> Embedded answers are ambiguous so M0 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M0 } \\ & \text { M0 } \end{aligned}$ |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 2(a) | $360 \div 8$ or 135 seen | M1 | oe <br> $180-[[(8-2) \times 180] \div 8]$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 45 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | $90 \div 2=45$ is a valid method using symmetry | M1A1 |  |


| 2(b) | Angle $A B D$ is 90 <br> or angle $A D B=w$ seen or implied or angle $A D B=$ angle $C B D$ seen or implied <br> or angle $B C D$ is 65 or angle $A B C$ is $180-65$ or 115 or angle $A D C$ is $180-65$ or 115 or 155 seen | M1 | oe $(360-65-65-90-90)$ <br> or 50 <br> May be on diagram |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $180-65-90$ <br> or 180-155 <br> or 115-90 <br> or angle $A D B$ is 25 | M1dep | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { oe } \\ & (360-65-65-90-90) \div \\ & \text { or } 50 \div 2 \\ & \text { or } 90-65 \end{aligned}\right.$ |
|  | 25 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | For the first M1 angles must be clearly identified either in the diagram or in the working <br> Use of the right angle symbol is acceptable for 90 <br> May extend side to obtain a valid angle <br> Working space takes precedence over diagram |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 3 | $850 \times 1.18$ or 1003 | M1 | oe $\begin{aligned} & (990+15) \div 1.18 \\ & \text { or } 990 \div 1.18 \text { or } 838.9(. . \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1003 and 1005 or 2 | A1 | $\begin{aligned} & 851 .(\ldots) \text { or } 852 \\ & \text { or } 1 .(\ldots) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Laura and 1003 and 1005 or Laura and 2 <br> or UK and 1003 and 1005 <br> or UK and 2 <br> or Laura and $851 .(\ldots)$ or 852 <br> or Laura and 1.(...) <br> or UK and 851.(...) or 852 <br> or UK and 1.(...) | Q1ft | Strand (iii) decision to mat <br> ft their comparison of valu both values must be in the | eir calculati <br> h M1 score e currency |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Accept name, country or price (eg the ( $£$ ) 850 saddle) for final answer $990 \div 1.18=838$.(..), Steve (or Holland) <br> $990 \div 1.18=838 .(\ldots), 15 \div 1.18=12 .(\ldots), 838+12=850$, they both cost the same <br> Laura with no valid working <br> For the Q mark, follow through their comparison of values with M1 scored, but both values must be in the same currency and one of the values used in the comparison must be from the M1 that was awarded |  |  | M1A0Q1ft <br> M1A0Q1ft <br> MOAOQO |


| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 4(a) | -4 and 2 | B2 | B1 for each value in correct place in table |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | -4 when $x=-2$ and 2 when $x=1$ |  |  |


| 4 | 6 or 7 of their points plotted correctly | M1 | tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Fully correct smooth curve | A1 | tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Two curves drawn: Mark the better curve |  |  |  |


| 4(c) | $y=-3$ correctly drawn | B1 | Any length $>2 \mathrm{~cm}$ <br> tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{150}{800}(\times 100) \\ & \text { or } \frac{150}{650+150}(\times 100) \end{aligned}$ <br> or 0.1875 | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 18.75 or 18.8 or 19 | A1 | oe SC1 for 81.25 or 81 or 81.3 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{800}{150}$ <br> 19 with no working <br> 19 is incorrect only if clearly from wrong working <br> Build up methods score 0 or 2 |  |  | M0 <br> M1A1 |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\mathbf{6 ( a )}$ | $720 \div 6$ or 120 | M1 | $720 \div 6 \times 5$ or 600 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 600 and 120 | A1 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | 120 and 600 (order reversed) | M1A0 |  |


| 6(b) | $135+70+35$ or 240 | M1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | their $240 \div 6$ or 40 | M1dep |  |  |
|  | $2 \times$ their 40 or 80 | M1dep |  |  |
|  | 10 | A1 | ignore fw |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Gemma 10, Beth 5 , answer 15 scores full marks <br> (120 and) 80 and 40 may be written next to the $3: 2: 1$ in the question Beware of 10 from incorrect working <br> eg $135 \div 3=45,70 \div 2=35,35 \div 1=35$, answer 10 scores 0 |  |  | M1M1M1A1 <br> M1M1M1A0 <br> MOMOMOAO |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 7(a) | $\frac{1}{3}$ or $\frac{2}{6}$ or $0.33(\ldots)$ or $72 \div 6$ or 12 or $72 \div 6 \times 2$ | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 24 | A1 | oe |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 24 \text { out of } 72 \\ & \frac{24}{72} \\ & 2 \text { out of } 6 \text { or } 1 \text { out of } 3 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  | M1A1 <br> M1A0 <br> M0 |


| 7(b) | 250-25-53-62 or 110 | M1 | $(25+53+62) \div 250$ or $\frac{1}{2}$ | . 56 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | their $110 \div 2$ or 55 | M1dep | $\begin{aligned} & 1-\text { their } \frac{140}{250} \\ & \text { or } 1-0.56 \text { or } 0.44 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\frac{55}{250} \text { or } 0.22 \text { or } 22 \%$ | A1 | ignore fw <br> oe $\frac{11}{50}$ |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{55}{250}$ followed by error eg $=0.2$ |  |  | M1M1A1 |
|  | 55 in table |  |  | M1M1A0 |
|  | Do not allow misreads for 250 |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 8 | (Diameter or side of square $=$ ) $\sqrt{36}$ or 6 or (radius =) 3 | M1 | $6 \times 6(=36)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \pi \times 6 \\ & \text { or } 2 \times \pi \times 3 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep |  |
|  | [18.8, 18.9] or $6 \pi$ | A1 | Accept 19 with working s |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Accept [3.14, 3.142] for $\pi$ <br> Ignore further working after $6 \pi$, that is if they incorrectly work $6 \pi$ out award full marks <br> Do not accept $\pi 6$ for the A mark <br> 6 or 3 may be on diagram but must be correct, eg radius must be 3 , not 6 |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| $\mathbf{Q}$ | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 10(a) | $30 y+120 w$ or $30(y+4 w)$ | B2 | oe <br> B1 for $30 y$ or $120 w$ or Do not ignore fw for B2 SC1 for $30 p+120 c$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $30 y p+120 w p$ |  |  | B2 |
|  | $30 p+120 w$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $30 y=120 w$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $0.3 y+120 w$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $30 y+1.20 w$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $30 y+w 120$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $30 y+120 w=150 y w$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $30 w+120 y$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | $30 a+120 b$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | $y 30+w 120$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | $30 p+120 p$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | $30 p y+120 p w$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | Use of letters other than $y$ or Ignore $p$ as units |  |  |  |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Alternative method 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 p+r=265 \text { or } p+5 r=200 \\ & \text { or } 3 p+6 r=465 \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 | May work in pence or pounds |  |
| $\left(\begin{array}{l} (2 p+r=265) \\ 2 p+10 r=400 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 p+5 r=1325 \\ & (p+5 r=200) \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Equating coefficients oe |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 9 r=135 \\ & \text { or } r=15 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 p=1125 \\ & \text { or } p=125 \end{aligned}$ | A1 | Eliminating a variable oe |  |
| Pen $=(£) 1.25$ and Ruler $=£ 0.15$ |  | A1 | Condone 15 p on answer line |  |
| Alternative method 2 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 p+r=265 \text { or } p+5 r=200 \\ & \text { or } 3 p+6 r=465 \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 | May work in pence or pounds |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & r=265-2 p \\ & \text { or } r=\frac{200-p}{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & p=200-5 r \\ & \text { or } p=\frac{265-r}{2} \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Making $p$ or $r$ the subject oe |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 9 p=1125 \\ & \text { or } p=125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9 r=135 \\ & \text { or } r=15 \end{aligned}$ | A1 | Eliminating a variable oe |  |
| Pen $=(£) 1.25$ and Ruler $=£ 0.15$ |  | A1 | Condone 15 p on answer line |  |
| Additional Guidance |  |  |  |  |
| Accept: $£ 0.15$ p or 125 p with $£$ sign crossed out |  |  |  |  |
| Do not accept: 0.15 p with $£$ sign crossed out or $£ 125$ p |  |  |  |  |
| Answers reversed |  |  |  | M1M1A1 |
| $2 \times$ pens +1 ruler $=265$ with no further working |  |  |  | M0 |
| T\&l scores 0 or 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Use any two different letters, eg $x$ and $y, p$ and $r$ |  |  |  |  |
| Letters not words required for the first $M$ mark, but can be recovered by showing correct working for following M mark(s) |  |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Four correct cumulative frequencies | B1 | $23,48,87$ and 100 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | Five correct heights plotted | B1 | $(\ldots, 12),(\ldots, 23),(\ldots, 48),(\ldots, 87)$ <br> and ( $\ldots, 100)$ |
|  | Five points plotted at correct upper <br> boundaries | B1 | $(15, \ldots),(20, \ldots),(40, \ldots),(55, \ldots)$ <br> and (70, $\ldots)$ <br> Must be an increasing function |
|  | Straight lines or smooth curve going <br> through the five points | B1ft | ft their 5 plotted points. <br> Must be an increasing function |
|  | Ignore anything to the left of their (15, 12) <br> Ignore anything to the right of their (70, 100), must be an increasing function <br> tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square |  |  |
| Accept histograms / bars for heights plotted but upper boundary points must be <br> identified either by plots or curve / polygon |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 12(b) | their LQ plotted and their median plotted and their UQ plotted | B2ft | ft their cf graph provided increasing function tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square ( $\pm 1$ ) <br> B1ft for 2 correctly plotted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Box plot with 8 and 69 correct | B1 | Correct diagrammatic representation |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |
|  | Allow values plotted as points for B2ft |  |  |


| 13 | Arc drawn from intersection of wall and <br> fence cutting wall and fence <br> or Arc drawn from D radius hedge <br> length | M1 |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | A1 |  |  |
|  | Point marked in correct place, with all <br> arcs for both constructions shown | A1 | May be indicated by intersection of angle <br> bisector and arc <br> SC1 Point marked in correct place but no <br> arcs |


| $\mathbf{1 4 ( a )}$ | 108 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Opposite angle of a cyclic quadrilateral } \\ \text { (add up to 180) }\end{array}$ | Q1 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Strand (i) } \\ \text { Must have 108 }\end{array}$ |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |$]$


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 14(b) | 125 | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 15(a) | $2 x^{2}-6 x+x-3$ | M1 | Must be 4 terms <br> Allow one error <br> May be in a grid |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 x^{2}-5 x-3$ | A1 | Do not ignore fw |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $2 x^{2}-5 x+3$ |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $2 x^{2}-5 x+-3$ |  |  | M1A0 |
|  | $2 x^{2}-4 x-3$ |  |  | MOAO |
|  | For method mark the four terms may be eg in a grid with correct negative signs |  |  |  |


| 15(b) | $(y-4)(y+6)$ | B2 | B1 for $(y+a)(y+\mathrm{b})$ such that $a b=-24$ or $a+b=2$ <br> or B1 for $y(y+6)-4(y+6)$ or $y(y-4)+6(y-4)$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $(y+4)(y-6)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $(y-12)(y+2)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $(y+13)(y-11)$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $y(y+6)$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | Condone use of $x$ or another letter |  |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 15(c) | $32 x^{5} y^{15}$ | B2 | B1 for |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Penalise multiplication signs for B2 |  |  |  |
|  | $+\operatorname{sign}(\mathrm{s})$ in answer scores B0 |  |  |  |
|  | Mark final answer |  |  |  |
|  | $32 \times x^{5} \times y^{15}$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $32 \times 5 x^{5} \times y^{15}$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $32 x^{5} y^{8}$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $32 x y^{15}$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $32+x^{5}+y^{15}$ |  |  | B0 |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 16 | $75 \div 50$ or $\frac{3}{2}$ or 1.5 seen or implied or $50 \div 75$ or $\frac{2}{3}$ seen or implied | M1 | oe |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (75 \div 50)^{2} \text { or }\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2} \text { or } 1.5^{2} \text { or } 2.25 \text { or } \frac{9}{4} \\ & \text { or }(50 \div 75)^{2} \text { or }\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{2} \text { or } \frac{4}{9} \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | oe |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 6000 \times 2.25 \text { or } 13500 \\ & \text { or } 80 \times 6000 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | oe |  |
|  | their $13500 \div 10000$ <br> or $80 \div 10000$ <br> or their $13500 \div 10000 \times 80$ <br> or $80 \times 6000 \div 10000$ <br> or $6000 \div 10000 \times 2.25$ | M1dep | oe <br> Dependen |  |
|  | 108 | A1 | Digits 108 |  |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $6000 \times \frac{3}{2} \times 80$ <br> 720000 implies $\frac{3}{2}$ and $6000 \times 80$ from $\left(6000 \times \frac{3}{2} \times 80\right)$ <br> 9000 implies $\frac{3}{2}$ <br> Ignore assumptions about the shape |  |  | M1M0M1 <br> M1M0M1 <br> M1 |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 18(a) | $0 . \dot{5} 3846 \dot{1}$ <br> or $0 . \overline{538461}$ | B1 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | Mark final answer |  |  |  |


| 18(b) | $\frac{37}{90}$ | B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 19 | $5 \times 6$ or 30 <br> or $20 \times 2$ or 40 <br> or $1(\mathrm{~cm})$ square $=10$ students <br> or 1 (small) square $=0.4$ students | M1 | $10 \times 8$ or 80 <br> or $5 \times 12$ or 60 <br> or $10 \times 6$ or 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \times 6+20 \times 2 \\ & \text { or } 7 \times 10 \\ & \text { or } 0.4 \times 175 \text { or } 70 \\ & \text { or }(10 \times 8)+(5 \times 12)+(10 \times 6) \text { or } 200 \end{aligned}$ | M1dep | $270-(10 \times 8)-(5 \times 12)-(10 \times 6)$ or 70 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { their } 70}{270} \times 100 \\ & \frac{\text { their } 200}{270} \times 100 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | or $\frac{30}{100} \times 270$ or 81 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 25.9(\ldots)(\%) \text { or } 26(\%) \\ & 200 \text { and } 74(.1 \ldots) \end{aligned}$ | A1 | 70 and 81 <br> or 200 and 189 |
|  | No and 25.9(...) <br> or No and 26 <br> or No and 200 and 74(.1...) <br> or No and 70 and 81 <br> or No and 200 and 189 | Q1ft | Strand (iii) <br> ft their 25.9\% provided all method marks have been awarded <br> ft their 81 provided all method marks have been awarded |


| Q | Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |



| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 21 | 285 or $284 . \dot{9}$ or 275 <br> or 12.5 or 13.5 or $13.4 \dot{9}$ <br> or 18.5 or $18.4 \dot{9}$ or 17.5 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | their 285 as part of trapezium equation $\text { or }\left(\frac{\text { their } 12.5+\text { their } 17.5}{2}\right) h$ | M1 | oe <br> their $285=(280,290]$ <br> their $12.5=[12.5,13)$ <br> their $17.5=[17.5,18)$ |
|  | $285=\left(\frac{12.5+17.5}{2}\right) h$ | A1 | oe <br> fully correct |
|  | 19 with no incorrect bounds used | A1 |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 22 | Alternative method 1 red |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 42 seen or used <br> or probability $($ red and red $)=\frac{42}{90}$ <br> or $\frac{r}{10} \times \frac{r-1}{9}$ <br> or $1-\left(\frac{r}{10} \times \frac{r-1}{9}\right)$ | B1 | oe <br> $\frac{7}{15}$ or 0.46 or $0.466 \ldots$ or 0.47 or $46 \%$ or $46.6 \ldots$ or $47 \%$ |
|  | $\frac{7}{10} \times \frac{6}{9}$ or $42=7 \times 6$ <br> or $\left(\frac{r}{10} \times \frac{r-1}{9}\right)=\frac{42}{90}$ <br> or $1-\left(\frac{r}{10} \times \frac{r-1}{9}\right)=\frac{48}{90}$ <br> or $r(r-1)=42$ <br> or $r^{2}-r=42$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 7 red | A1 |  |
|  | Alternative method 2 blue |  |  |
|  | $\frac{b}{10} \times \frac{b-1}{9}+2 \times \frac{b}{10} \times \frac{10-b}{9}$ | B1 | oe |
|  | $\frac{b}{10} \times \frac{b-1}{9}+2 \times \frac{b}{10} \times \frac{10-b}{9}=\frac{48}{90}$ <br> or $b^{2}-19 b=-48$ <br> or $b^{2}-19 b+48=0$ <br> or $b=3$ | M1 | oe |
|  | 7 red | A1 |  |
|  |  | iona | uidance |
|  | 7 with no working scores full marks |  |  |


| Q Answer | Mark | Comments |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 23 | $4^{2}+4^{2}$ or $16+16$ or 32 <br> or $2^{2}+2^{2}$ or $4+4$ or 8 | M1 | oe |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\sqrt{32}$ or $4 \sqrt{2}$ or $\sqrt{8}$ or $2 \sqrt{2}$ | M1 | Allow use of decimals to 2 dp or better |
|  | $\cos x=\frac{\sqrt{8}}{6}$ or $0.47 \ldots$ | oe |  |
|  | $[61.8,61.9]$ or 62 | $\cos x=\frac{6^{2}+32-6^{2}}{2 \times 6 \times \sqrt{32}}$ |  |

